

Gross domestic product and gross value added in regional breakdown in 2022

30.09.2024

56.1%

Percentage of GDP value generated in the 5 regions in 2022

In 2022, more than 1/2 of the national value of gross domestic product was generated in the 5 regions: Warszawski stołeczny, Śląskie, Wielkopolskie, Dolnośląskie and Małopolskie.

Gross domestic product

In 2022, value of the generated gross domestic product amounted to 3 074 798 million PLN. In comparison to 2021, it grew by 16.9% at current prices.

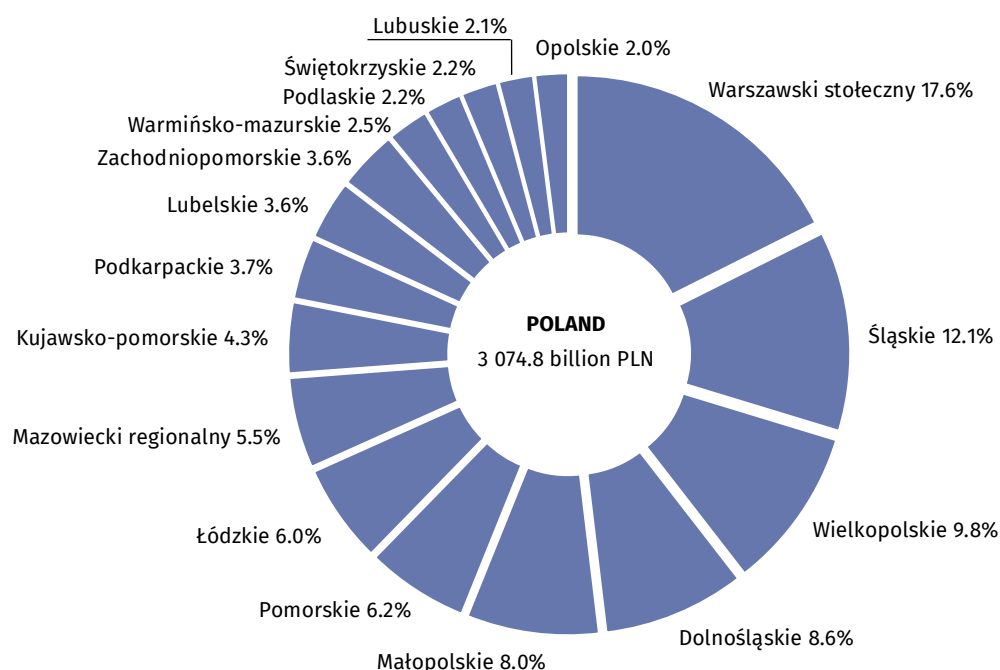
The increase in gross domestic product at current prices compared to 2021 was recorded in all regions, the largest in Mazowiecki regionalny region – by 22.3%, and the smallest in Świętokrzyskie region – by 11.3%.

In 2022, the shares of individual regions in the generation of GDP ranged from 2.0% in Opolskie region to 17.6% in Warszawski stołeczny region. Value of GDP generated in Warszawski stołeczny region in 2022 was almost 9 times higher than in Opolskie region (in 2021 more than 8 times higher).

In the group of regions with high shares in the generation of GDP in 2022, apart from Warszawski stołeczny region, there were also the following regions: Śląskie, Wielkopolskie, Dolnośląskie and Małopolskie. Entities acting in the 5 above-mentioned regions, in which 51.3% of total employed persons in the national economy worked, jointly generated 56.1% of the national value of GDP.

In 2022, all regions recorded an increase in GDP at current prices compared to the previous year

Graph 1. Share of regions in the generation of gross domestic product in 2022 (current prices)



In 2022, the following regions were in the group of regions with low shares in the GDP generation (less than 3% each): Lubuskie, Opolskie, Podlaskie, Świętokrzyskie and Warmińsko-mazurskie. Their total share in the GDP generation amounted to 11.0% and employment in these regions constituted 13.0% of the total employed persons in the national economy.

In 2022, the average level of gross domestic product per capita in Poland amounted to 81 286 PLN. In comparison with 2021, it was higher by 17.4% at current prices. The increase in GDP per capita at current prices compared to 2021 was recorded in all regions – from 12.4% in Świętokrzyskie region to 23.2% in Mazowiecki regionalny region.

In the regional breakdown, the level of GDP per capita in 2022 was differentiated. Indicator of dispersion of GDP per capita, calculated at the regions' level for Poland in 2022 amounted to 22.0%. In comparison to 2021, an increase of this indicator by 0.7 pp was noted.

The highest level of GDP per capita in 2022 was noted for Warszawski stołeczny region – 166 446 PLN, exceeding more than twice the national average. In 2022 the level of GDP per capita above the national average was also observed in Dolnośląskie region – by 11.8%, Wielkopolskie region – by 5.6% and Śląskie region – by 5.0%.

The highest level of GDP per capita, obtained in 2022 in Warszawski stołeczny region, exceeded 3 times the value of GDP per capita of Lubelskie region, in which the lowest level of GDP per capita was recorded.

Low level of GDP per capita (less than 75% of the national average) in 2022 was observed in the regions of Eastern Poland: Lubelskie, Podkarpackie, Warmińsko-mazurskie, Świętokrzyskie and Podlaskie. In 2022, the value of GDP per capita in these regions varied from 67.6% to 73.4% of the national average.

The lowest level of GDP per capita in 2022, noted in Lubelskie region, represented 33.0% of the level of this indicator for the best in this regard Warszawski stołeczny region.

Level of GDP per capita exceeding the national average was obtained in 4 regions: Warszawski stołeczny, Dolnośląskie, Wielkopolskie and Śląskie

All regions of Eastern Poland recorded a GDP per capita level below 75% of the national average

Map 1. Gross domestic product per capita by regions in 2022 (current prices)

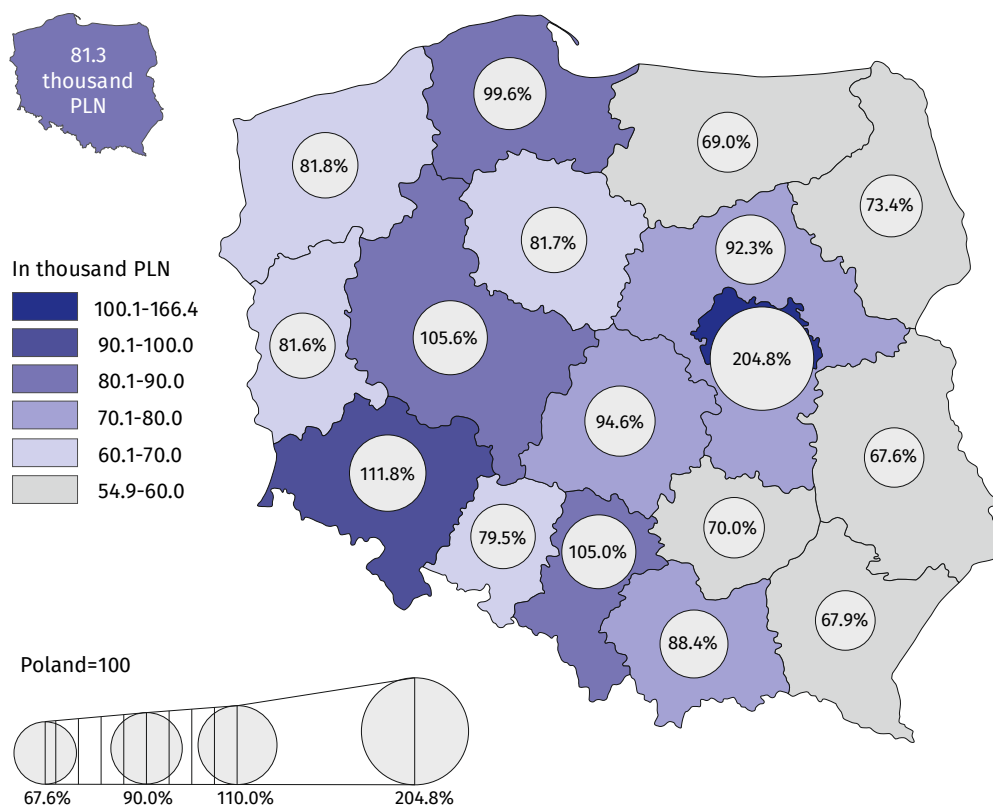


Table 1. Gross domestic product by regions in 2022 (current prices)

Regions	Total			Per capita		
	in million PLN	in percent	previous year=100	in PLN	Poland=100	previous year=100
POLAND	3 074 798	100.0	116.9	81 286	100.0	117.4
Dolnośląskie	262 933	8.6	118.1	90 915	111.8	118.5
Kujawsko-pomorskie	133 570	4.3	116.2	66 398	81.7	117.0
Lubelskie	111 576	3.6	114.4	54 950	67.6	115.4
Lubuskie	65 150	2.1	116.1	66 300	81.6	116.9
Łódzkie	183 413	6.0	114.9	76 883	94.6	115.8
Małopolskie	246 319	8.0	114.1	71 836	88.4	114.2
Mazowiecki regionalny	169 337	5.5	122.3	75 027	92.3	123.2
Opolskie	61 059	2.0	113.1	64 600	79.5	114.0
Podkarpackie	114 810	3.7	113.1	55 155	67.9	113.6
Podlaskie	68 369	2.2	117.1	59 667	73.4	117.9
Pomorskie	191 032	6.2	121.1	80 999	99.6	121.0
Śląskie	371 976	12.1	118.3	85 316	105.0	119.2
Świętokrzyskie	67 218	2.2	111.3	56 860	70.0	112.4
Warmińsko-mazurskie	76 859	2.5	113.4	56 106	69.0	114.3
Warszawski stołeczny	541 693	17.6	119.0	166 446	204.8	118.4
Wielkopolskie	300 126	9.8	115.5	85 841	105.6	115.7
Zachodniopomorskie	109 357	3.6	113.3	66 476	81.8	114.0

Gross value added by kind of activity

In 2022, 28.7% of the national gross value added was generated by the entities engaged in activities in the area of services covering trade; repair of motor vehicles; transportation and storage; accommodation and catering; information and communication. In the individual regions, the shares of these entities in the generation of gross value added in 2022 ranged between 20.6% in Mazowiecki regionalny region and 36.4% in Warszawski stołeczny region.

In 2022, entities engaged in industry generated 27.4% of the national gross value added. In the regions' breakdown, in 2022 significant variation of the shares of industry was observed – from 13.9% in Warszawski stołeczny region to 39.4% in Mazowiecki regionalny region.

In 2022, entities engaged in other services (including public administration and defence; compulsory social security) generated 24.2% of the national gross value added. In 2022, Małopolskie region was characterised by the highest share of other services – 28.4% while Mazowiecki regionalny region was marked by the smallest share – 17.4%.

In 2022, 11 regions recorded the largest share of industry in creating GVA

Entities engaged in financial and insurance activities; real estate activities in 2022 generated 10.1% of the national gross value added. In the individual regions, the shares of entities acting in the field of financial and insurance activities; real estate activities in the generation of gross value added in 2022 ranged between 5.9% in Mazowiecki regionalny region and 16.1% in Warszawski stołeczny region.

In 2022, entities active in construction generated 6.5% of the national gross value added. In the regions' breakdown in 2022, the shares of units engaged in construction in the generation of gross value added ranged from 5.4% in Łódzkie region to 7.8% in Małopolskie region.

The share of agriculture, forestry and fishing in the generation of the national gross value added in 2022 amounted to 3.1%. In the individual regions, in 2022 the shares of entities conducting activity in the range of agriculture, forestry and fishing were significantly differentiated – from 0.7% in Warszawski stołeczny region to 10.6% in Mazowiecki regionalny region.

Graph 2. Gross value added by kind of activity and regions in 2022 (current prices)

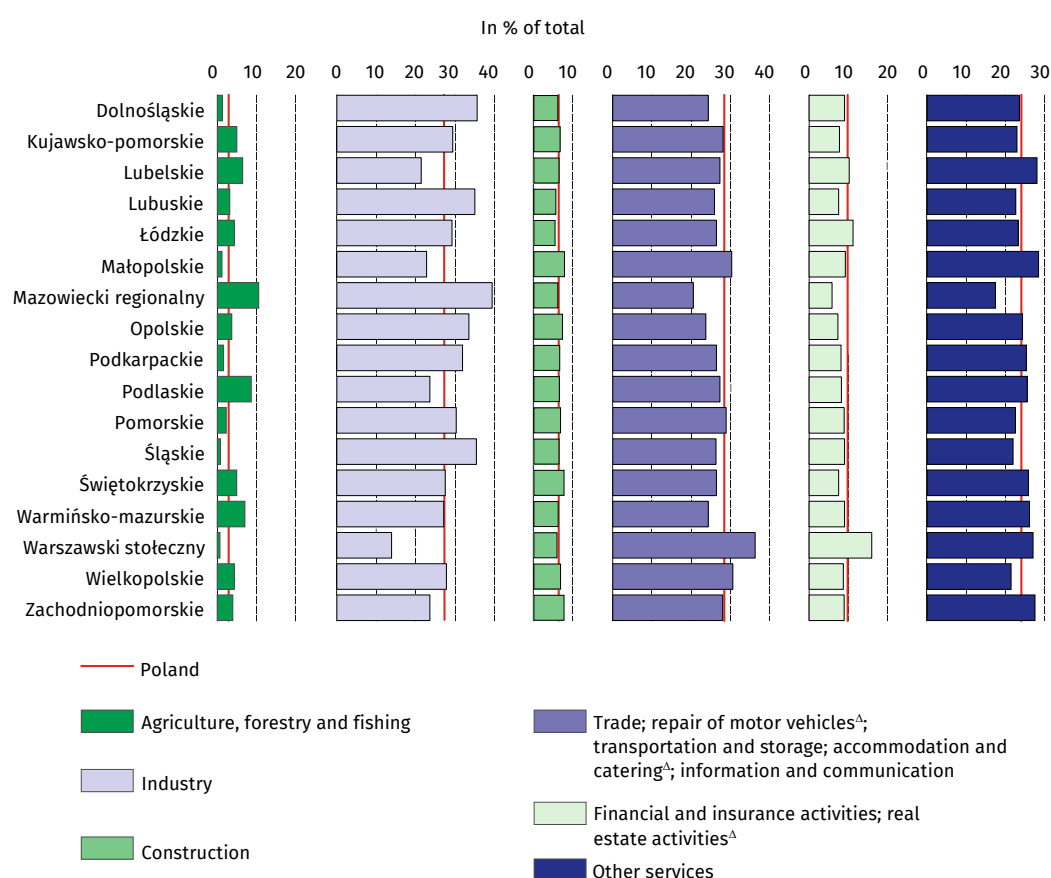


Table 2. Gross value added by kind of activity and regions in 2022 (current prices)

REGIONS a – in million PLN b – in % of total c – previous year=100		Total	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Industry	Construction	Trade; repair of motor vehicles ^a ; transportation and storage; accommodation and catering ^a ; information and communication	Financial and insurance activities; real estate activities ^a	Other services
POLAND	a	2 740 195	85 438	750 970	177 816	785 904	276 678	663 390
	b	100.0	3.1	27.4	6.5	28.7	10.1	24.2
	c	119.7	146.4	122.8	115.5	119.8	133.9	110.0
Dolnośląskie	a	234 320	3 040	83 506	14 344	57 069	21 235	55 127
	b	100.0	1.3	35.6	6.1	24.4	9.1	23.5
	c	120.9	139.0	127.0	116.1	120.3	133.6	109.9
Kujawsko-pomorskie	a	119 035	5 940	35 008	8 022	33 574	9 262	27 230
	b	100.0	5.0	29.4	6.7	28.2	7.8	22.9
	c	119.0	154.8	118.0	114.1	122.2	127.0	110.3
Lubelskie	a	99 434	6 490	21 294	6 365	27 277	10 210	27 798
	b	100.0	6.5	21.4	6.4	27.4	10.3	28.0
	c	117.2	139.2	114.0	114.5	119.5	131.4	109.5
Lubuskie	a	58 060	1 845	20 297	3 276	15 109	4 403	13 130
	b	100.0	3.2	35.0	5.6	26.0	7.6	22.6
	c	118.9	124.8	125.2	112.6	118.8	125.1	109.6
Łódzkie	a	163 454	7 185	47 653	8 851	43 363	18 403	37 999
	b	100.0	4.4	29.2	5.4	26.5	11.3	23.2
	c	117.6	156.7	114.5	115.6	116.8	137.5	109.9
Małopolskie	a	219 514	2 647	50 054	17 061	66 818	20 515	62 419
	b	100.0	1.2	22.8	7.8	30.4	9.3	28.4
	c	116.9	136.1	114.1	112.6	120.8	134.4	110.9
Mazowiecki regionalny	a	150 910	16 005	59 389	9 269	31 076	8 930	26 243
	b	100.0	10.6	39.4	6.1	20.6	5.9	17.4
	c	125.3	145.5	136.6	113.0	118.5	120.6	108.6
Opolskie	a	54 414	2 014	18 219	3 976	12 944	4 017	13 243
	b	100.0	3.7	33.5	7.3	23.8	7.4	24.3
	c	115.8	149.9	113.0	114.3	120.0	123.3	110.4
Podkarpackie	a	102 316	1 683	32 666	6 715	27 063	8 350	25 839
	b	100.0	1.6	31.9	6.6	26.5	8.2	25.3
	c	115.8	131.9	117.2	114.9	117.4	126.6	109.2
Podlaskie	a	60 929	5 317	14 369	3 938	16 719	5 043	15 543
	b	100.0	8.7	23.6	6.5	27.4	8.3	25.5
	c	120.0	144.4	118.6	116.7	123.0	128.0	110.3
Pomorskie	a	170 244	3 928	51 652	11 530	49 402	15 389	38 343
	b	100.0	2.3	30.3	6.8	29.0	9.0	22.5
	c	124.0	147.6	138.3	115.0	122.4	130.5	109.3

Table 2. Gross value added by kind of activity and regions in 2022 (cont.)

REGIONS a – in million PLN b – in % of total c – previous year=100		Total	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Industry	Construction	Trade; repair of motor vehicles ^Δ ; transportation and storage; accommodation and catering ^Δ ; information and communication	Financial and insurance activities; real estate activities ^Δ	Other services
Śląskie	a	331 497	2 515	117 303	21 330	87 679	30 100	72 570
	b	100.0	0.8	35.4	6.4	26.4	9.1	21.9
	c	121.1	135.9	129.2	113.3	119.5	137.0	108.5
Świętokrzyskie	a	59 903	2 980	16 446	4 635	15 853	4 539	15 451
	b	100.0	5.0	27.5	7.7	26.5	7.6	25.8
	c	114.0	135.4	112.6	113.8	114.5	122.6	109.5
Warmińsko-mazurskie	a	68 495	4 894	18 591	4 219	16 687	6 240	17 864
	b	100.0	7.1	27.1	6.2	24.4	9.1	26.1
	c	116.2	145.4	112.9	113.6	118.0	127.7	109.0
Warszawski stołeczny	a	482 745	3 208	67 028	28 465	175 741	77 753	130 551
	b	100.0	0.7	13.9	5.9	36.4	16.1	27.0
	c	121.8	145.3	129.3	120.7	120.2	140.0	111.7
Wielkopolskie	a	267 466	11 895	74 475	18 272	82 110	23 508	57 205
	b	100.0	4.4	27.8	6.8	30.7	8.8	21.4
	c	118.2	157.7	114.3	117.3	120.5	135.2	109.2
Zachodniopomorskie	a	97 457	3 853	23 020	7 548	27 420	8 781	26 835
	b	100.0	4.0	23.6	7.7	28.1	9.0	27.5
	c	116.0	151.0	116.5	113.4	116.2	125.0	110.0

Symbol (Δ) – categories of applied PKD 2007 classification ([link](#)) are presented in abbreviated form.

Data from regional accounts included in this note have been revised in relation to those published on 29 December 2023 and balanced with annual national accounts data included in the publication “National accounts by institutional sectors and sub-sectors 2019-2022”. Data will be subject to further revision, in accordance to the revision policy applied in national and regional accounts ([link](#)). Complete range of data for the year 2022 will be available in November of the current year.

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Terms used in official statistics

[Gross domestic product](#)
[Regional accounts](#)
[Value added, gross](#)