

Foreign trade turnover of goods in total and by countries in January–April 2026

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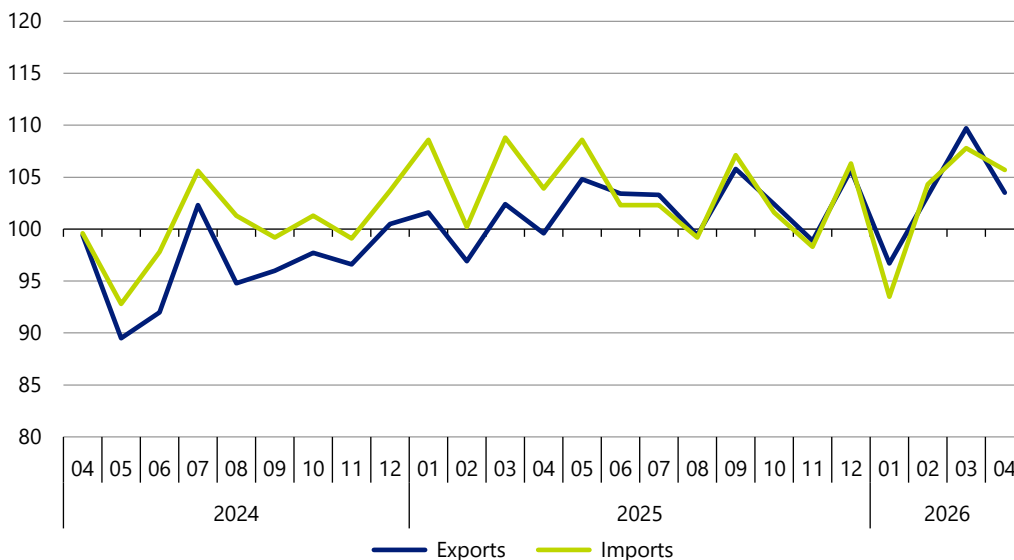
-7.3 bn

goods turnover balance in PLN

Foreign trade turnover¹ in January–April 2026 in exports at current prices amounted to PLN 532.8 bn, while in imports - PLN 540.1 bn. The negative balance reached the level of PLN 7.3 bn. In comparison to the corresponding period of last year 2025, exports increased by 3.3% and imports by 2.9%.

Chart 1. Foreign trade turnover

corresponding period of the previous year = 100



Foreign trade turnover expressed in US dollars and in EUR

In January–April 2026 exports expressed in USD amounted to 147.5 bn, while imports amounted to USD 149.5 bn (an increase in exports of 14.1% and in imports of 13.6%). The negative balance reached the level of USD 2.0 bn, while in the same period of 2025 it was also negative and amounted to USD 2.3 bn.

Exports expressed in EUR amounted to 125.9 bn, while imports amounted to EUR 127.6 bn (an increase was observed in exports of 2.9% and in imports of 2.5%). The negative balance reached EUR 1.7 bn, compared to a negative balance of EUR 2.2 bn in the same period of 2025.

Note. Due to the rounding of data, in some cases sums of components may slightly differ from the amount given in the item "total".

¹Collection of data on foreign trade turnover is open. Data published formerly is updated according to new customs and INTRASTAT declarations.

Foreign trade turnover of goods in total and by groups of countries

The share of the developed countries in total exports amounted to 87.2% (of which the EU 75.1%) and in total imports 65.7% (of which the EU 53.2%), compared to 87.4% (of which the EU 75.0%) and 64.7% (of which the EU 53.1%) in January–April 2025. However, the smallest share was observed with the countries of the Central and Eastern Europe, which in total exports amounted to 4.8%, and in imports – 1.3%, in comparison with 4.6% and 1.8% in January–April 2025.

The positive balance was obtained in turnover with the developed countries PLN 109.9 bn (USD 30.5 bn, EUR 26.0 bn), of which with the EU countries the balance of PLN 112.8 bn (USD 31.3 bn, EUR 26.7 bn) and with the Central and Eastern Europe PLN 18.4 bn (USD 5.1 bn, EUR 4.3 bn). The negative balance was recorded with the developing countries – minus PLN 135.6 bn (minus USD 37.5 bn, minus EUR 32.0 bn).

The share of EU countries both in exports and imports was higher by 0.1 pp compared to January–April of 2025.

Detailed information is available in [the Knowledge Data-bases](#)

Table 1. Foreign trade turnover of goods in total and by groups of countries

SPECIFICATION	01-04 2026						2025	2026
	bn			01-04 2025 = 100			01-04	
	PLN	USD	EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	structure in %	
Exports	532.8	147.5	125.9	103.3	114.1	102.9	100.0	100.0
Developed countries	464.7	128.7	109.8	103.1	113.8	102.6	87.4	87.2
of which EU	400.0	110.8	94.5	103.4	114.2	103.0	75.0	75.1
of which euro-zone	315.3	87.3	74.5	102.6	113.3	102.2	59.6	59.2
Developing countries	42.6	11.8	10.1	103.3	114.0	102.9	8.0	8.0
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	25.5	7.0	6.0	108.3	119.4	107.8	4.6	4.8
Imports (country of origin)²	540.1	149.5	127.6	102.9	113.6	102.5	100.0	100.0
Developed countries	354.8	98.2	83.8	104.5	115.4	104.1	64.7	65.7
of which EU	287.2	79.5	67.9	103.1	113.8	102.6	53.1	53.2
of which euro-zone	229.1	63.4	54.1	101.5	112.1	101.1	43.0	42.4
Developing countries	178.2	49.3	42.1	101.2	111.6	100.7	33.6	33.0
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	7.1	2.0	1.7	76.5	84.4	76.1	1.7	1.3
Balance	-7.3	-2.0	-1.7	.	.	.	.	.
Developed countries	109.9	30.5	26.0	.	.	.	.	.
of which EU	112.8	31.3	26.7	.	.	.	.	.
of which euro-zone	86.3	23.9	20.4	.	.	.	.	.
Developing countries	-135.6	-37.5	-32.0	.	.	.	.	.
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	18.4	5.1	4.3	.	.	.	.	.

Foreign trade turnover by major countries

In January–April of the current year, in comparison with the corresponding period of the previous year, increases in exports were recorded among Poland's main trading partners, with the exception of the United States (decrease by 7.3%) and the United Kingdom (decrease by 0.9%). Imports were also dominated by increases, except for imports from the Netherlands where decline of 3.7% was recorded.

² Country of origin is the country where the commodity was produced or processed and in this form entered the Polish customs zone.

The turnover with the top ten of Polish trade partners in exports accounted for 66.4% (in comparison with 66.8 in the corresponding period of 2025), while in total imports – 62.1% (in comparison with 60.7% in January–April 2025).

The share of Germany in exports in comparison with the January–April of 2025 year decreased by 0.7% and amounted to 26.6%, while imports remained the same – 19.2%. The positive balance amounted to PLN 37.9 bn (USD 10.5 bn, EUR 9.0 bn) in comparison with PLN 39.5 bn (USD 9.9 bn, EUR 9.4 bn) in the same period of 2025.

Argentina, among the countries belonging to the Mercosur group, recorded the second place after Brazil with the highest turnover. The trade balance with Argentina in January–April of the current year was negative and amounted to PLN 0.3 bn (USD 0.1 bn, EUR 0.1 bn). Exports to Argentina decreased by 9.4%, while imports by 27.3% in comparison to January–April 2025.

The share of Argentina in exports decreased by 0.01% to 0.02%, while in imports by 0.05% to 0.08%.

The largest share in trade with Argentina in exports included mechanical industry goods, pharmaceutical products, paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard as well as vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling stock, and parts and accessories thereof. Imports were dominated by residues and waste from the food industries, prepared animal fodder, oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit; industrial or medicinal plants; straw and fodder, tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes and wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric.

Among the countries belonging to the Mercosur group, the highest turnover was recorded with Brazil. For the other states (Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay) significantly lower figures were recorded both for imports and exports.

Table 2. Foreign trade turnover by major countries

SPECIFICATION	01-04 2026						2025	2026
	bn			01-04 2025 = 100			01-04	
	PLN	USD	EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	structure in %	
EXPORTS								
1. Germany	141.6	39.2	33.5	100.8	111.3	100.3	27.3	26.6
2. Czechia	35.1	9.7	8.3	108.7	120.1	108.3	6.3	6.6
3. France	33.7	9.3	8.0	105.9	117.0	105.5	6.2	6.3
4. United Kingdom	27.0	7.5	6.4	99.1	109.4	98.7	5.3	5.1
5. Netherlands	25.0	6.9	5.9	107.3	118.6	106.9	4.5	4.7
6. Italy	24.0	6.6	5.7	100.1	110.5	99.6	4.6	4.5
7. Ukraine	20.2	5.6	4.8	111.8	123.3	111.3	3.5	3.8
8. United States	16.3	4.5	3.8	92.7	102.4	92.3	3.4	3.1
9. Spain	15.7	4.3	3.7	100.8	111.3	100.4	3.0	2.9
10. Slovakia	14.7	4.1	3.5	103.8	114.7	103.4	2.7	2.8
IMPORTS (country of origin)								
1. Germany	103.7	28.7	24.5	102.7	113.3	102.2	19.2	19.2
2. China	84.5	23.4	20.0	107.7	118.9	107.2	15.0	15.7
3. United States	29.9	8.3	7.1	113.4	125.3	113.0	5.0	5.5
4. Italy	25.3	7.0	6.0	104.2	114.9	103.7	4.6	4.7
5. Netherlands	20.2	5.6	4.8	96.3	106.3	95.9	4.0	3.7
6. France	18.5	5.1	4.4	101.1	111.6	100.7	3.5	3.4
7. Czechia	17.8	4.9	4.2	103.5	114.2	103.0	3.3	3.3
8. Spain	12.2	3.4	2.9	105.4	116.3	104.9	2.2	2.3
9. Denmark	11.8	3.3	2.8	117.6	130.2	117.2	1.9	2.2
10. Türkiye	11.4	3.2	2.7	106.4	117.3	105.9	2.0	2.1

Imports from the United Kingdom in January–April 2026 amounted to PLN 8.4 bn (USD 2.3 bn and EUR 2.0 bn), which was less than in the previous year.

Imports by country of consignment – total and groups of counties

The highest turnover in imports by country of consignment Poland recorded with the developed countries - PLN 419.8 bn, of which with the EU – PLN 371.8 bn, compared to PLN 402.0 bn, of which with the EU - PLN 358.1 bn in the same period of 2025.

Table 3. Imports by country of consignment – total and groups of counties

SPECIFICATION	01-04 2026						2025	2026
	bn			01-04 2025 = 100			01-04	
	PLN	USD	EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	structure in %	
Imports (country of consignment) ³	540.1	149.5	127.6	102.9	113.6	102.5	100.0	100.0
Developed countries	419.8	116.2	99.2	104.4	115.2	103.9	76.6	77.8
of which EU	371.8	103.0	87.9	103.8	114.6	103.4	68.2	68.8
of which euro-zone	305.9	84.7	72.3	103.9	114.6	103.4	56.1	56.6
Developing countries	113.6	31.4	26.8	99.7	110.0	99.3	21.7	21.0
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	6.7	1.8	1.6	75.7	83.5	75.3	1.7	1.2
Balance	-7.3	-2.0	-1.7	.	.	.	.	.
Developed countries	44.9	12.5	10.6	.	.	.	.	.
of which EU	28.2	7.8	6.7	.	.	.	.	.
of which euro-zone	9.4	2.6	2.2	.	.	.	.	.
Developing countries	-71.0	-19.6	-16.8	.	.	.	.	.
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	18.8	5.2	4.4	.	.	.	.	.

³ Country of consignment is the country from which the goods were introduced into the Polish territory irrespective of their origin.

Imports by country of consignment – countries

The share of Germany in imports by country of consignment in comparison with imports by country of origin was higher by 6.7%, the share of the Netherlands by 3.0%, Belgium by 2.1%, Czechia by 0.9% and France by 0.8%.

Table 4. Imports by country of consignment – countries

SPECIFICATION	01-04 2026						2025	2026
	bn			01-04 2025 = 100			01-04	
	PLN	USD	EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	structure in %	
IMPORTS (country of consignment)								
1. Germany	139.7	38.7	33.0	105.6	116.5	105.1	25.2	25.9
2. China	52.4	14.5	12.4	106.0	117.0	105.5	9.4	9.7
3. Netherlands	36.3	10.0	8.6	102.0	112.5	101.5	6.8	6.7
4. Italy	23.8	6.6	5.6	99.2	109.6	98.8	4.6	4.4
5. Czechia	22.8	6.3	5.4	100.1	110.4	99.6	4.4	4.2
6. Belgium	22.8	6.3	5.4	109.7	121.0	109.1	4.0	4.2
7. France	22.5	6.2	5.3	104.6	115.4	104.1	4.1	4.2
8. United States	21.8	6.0	5.2	109.8	121.4	109.4	3.8	4.0
9. Denmark	13.9	3.9	3.3	111.9	123.8	111.5	2.4	2.6
10. Spain	13.9	3.8	3.3	103.9	114.7	103.4	2.5	2.6

Imports from **China** in January–April 2026 according to country of consignment in comparison with imports by country of origin were lower by 6.0%.

Imports from **the United States** in January–April 2026 according to the country of consignment in comparison with imports by country of origin were lower by 1.5%.

In January–April 2026 trade turnover in goods according to the SITC nomenclature, compared to the same period of 2025, increased in exports in 8 commodity sections while imports recorded increases in 5 commodity sections.

In exports, increases were recorded in commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC (by 70.3%), mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials (by 10.7%), manufactured goods classified mainly by material (by 5.7%), beverages and tobacco (by 5.5%), chemicals and related products (by 4.5%), machinery and transport equipment (by 2.5%), food and live animals (by 2.1%) and miscellaneous manufactured articles (by 1.6%). Declines concerned animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes (by 8.2%) and crude materials, inedible, except fuels (by 0.8%).

In imports increases were recorded in: commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC (by 25.6%), animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes (by 8.7%), machinery and transport equipment (by 8.6%), mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials (by 8.2%) and crude materials, inedible, except fuels (by 5.7%). Decreases concerned: beverages and tobacco (by 6.8%), miscellaneous manufactured articles (by 6.0%), manufactured goods classified chiefly by material (by 1.5%), chemicals and related products (by 1.1%) and food and live animals (by 0.3%).

Chart 2. Composition of exports by sections according to SITC nomenclature in January–April 2026

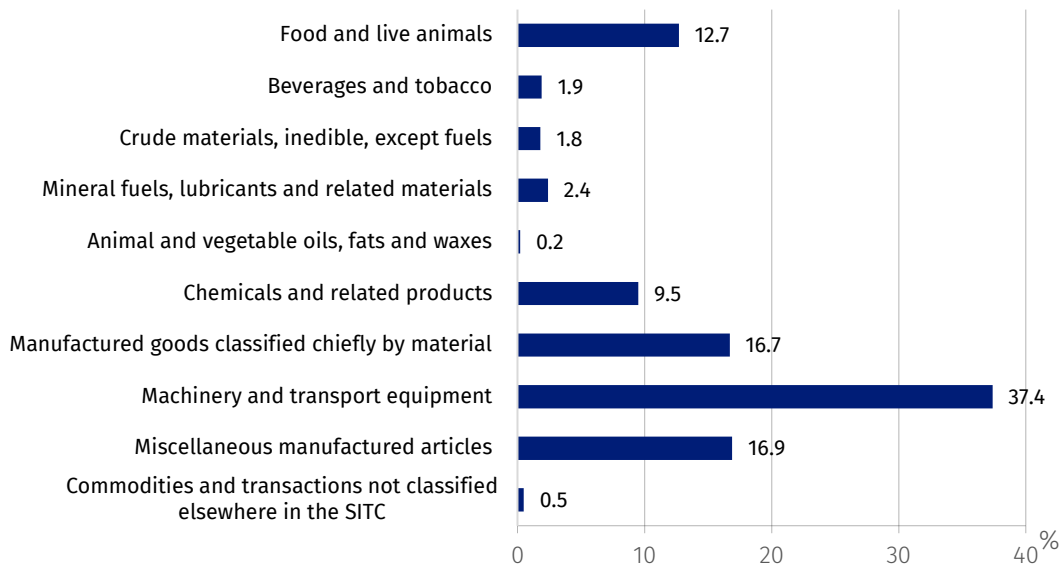
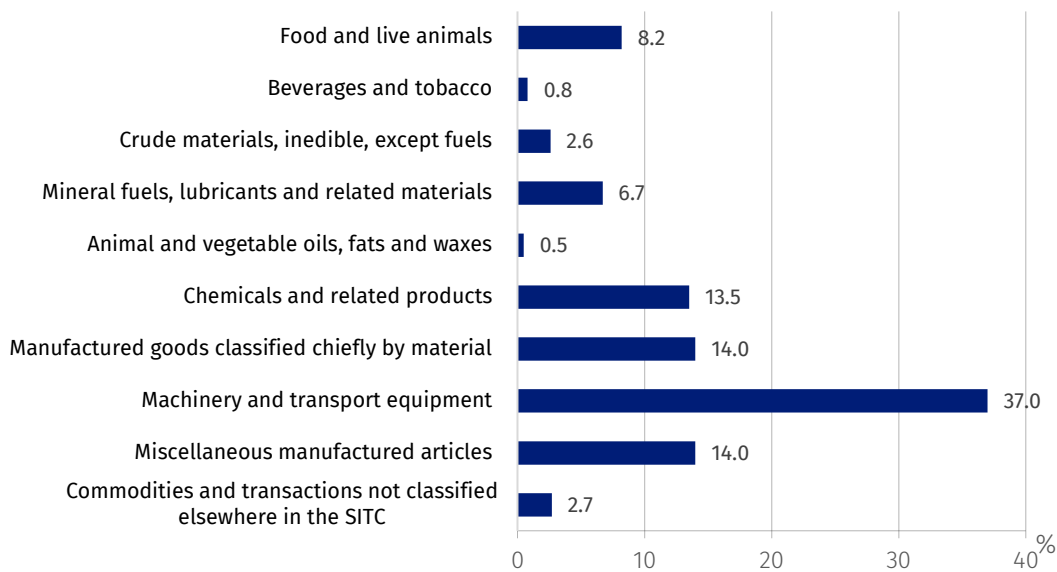


Chart 3. Composition of imports by sections according to SITC nomenclature in January–April 2026



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- [Knowledge Databases \(DBW\). Foreign trade](#)

Terms used in official statistics

- [Exports of commodities](#)
- [Imports of commodities](#)
- [Balance foreign trade commodity turnover](#)