

Foreign trade turnover of goods in total and by countries in January-July 2026

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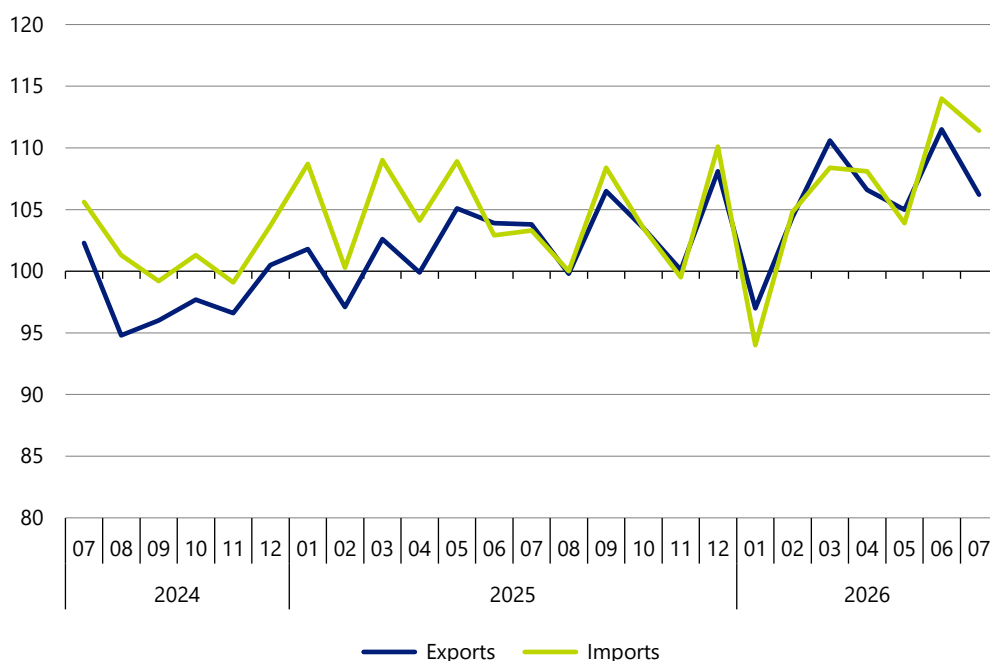
-18.6 bn

goods turnover balance in PLN

In January-July 2026 foreign trade turnover¹ in exports at current prices amounted to PLN 961.0 bn, while in imports to PLN 979.6 bn. The negative balance reached the level of PLN 18.6 bn. In comparison to the corresponding period of 2025, exports increased by 6.0% and imports by 6.4%.

Chart 1. Foreign trade turnover

corresponding period of the previous year = 100



Foreign trade turnover expressed in US dollars and in EUR

In January-July 2026 exports expressed in USD amounted to 265.0 bn, while imports amounted to USD 270.1 bn (an increase in exports of 13.3% and in imports of 13.7%). The negative balance reached the level of USD 5.1 bn, while in corresponding period of 2025 it was also negative and amounted to USD 3.5 bn.

Exports expressed in EUR amounted to 226.8 bn, while imports amounted to EUR 231.1 bn (in comparison to January-July 2025 an increase was observed in exports of 5.9% and in imports of 6.4%). The negative balance reached EUR 4.4 bn, compared to also a negative balance of EUR 3.2 bn in the corresponding period of 2025.

Note. Due to the rounding of data, in some cases sums of components may slightly differ from the amount given in the item "total".

¹ Collection of data on foreign trade turnover is open. Data published formerly is updated according to new customs and INTRASTAT declarations.

Foreign trade turnover of goods in total and by groups of countries

The share of the developed countries in total exports amounted to 87.3% (of which the EU 74.8%) and in total imports 65.3% (of which the EU 52.5%), compared to 87.4% (of which the EU 75.1%) and 65.1% (of which the EU 53.5%) in January-July 2025. However, the smallest share was observed with the countries of the Central and Eastern Europe, which in total exports amounted to 4.7%, and in imports to 1.3%, in comparison with 4.5% and 1.8% in corresponding period of the previous year.

The positive balance was obtained in turnover with the developed countries PLN 198.8 bn (USD 54.8 bn, EUR 46.9 bn), of which with the EU countries the balance of PLN 204.3 bn (USD 56.4 bn, EUR 48.2 bn) and with the Central and Eastern Europe PLN 32.4 bn (USD 8.9 bn, EUR 7.7 bn). The negative balance however was recorded with the developing countries - minus PLN 249.8 bn (minus USD 68.8 bn, minus EUR 58.9 bn).

The share of EU countries in exports was lower by 0.3 pp and in imports by 1.0 pp in comparison to January-July 2025.

Detailed information is available in [the Knowledge Data-bases](#)

Table 1. Foreign trade turnover of goods in total and by groups of countries

SPECIFICATION	01-07 2026						2025	2026
	bn			01-07 2025 = 100			01-07	
	PLN	USD	EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	structure in %	
Exports	961.0	265.0	226.8	106.0	113.3	105.9	100.0	100.0
Developed countries	838.5	231.2	197.9	105.8	113.1	105.7	87.4	87.3
of which EU	718.7	198.2	169.6	105.5	112.8	105.4	75.1	74.8
of which euro-zone	569.5	157.1	134.4	105.1	112.3	105.1	59.7	59.3
Developing countries	77.2	21.3	18.2	105.7	112.9	105.7	8.1	8.0
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	45.3	12.5	10.7	109.9	117.4	109.9	4.5	4.7
Imports (country of origin)²	979.6	270.1	231.1	106.4	113.7	106.4	100.0	100.0
Developed countries	639.7	176.4	150.9	106.7	114.0	106.7	65.1	65.3
of which EU	514.4	141.9	121.4	104.5	111.7	104.5	53.5	52.5
of which euro-zone	410.2	113.1	96.8	102.9	109.9	102.8	43.3	41.9
Developing countries	327.0	90.1	77.2	107.3	114.7	107.2	33.1	33.4
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	12.8	3.5	3.0	79.0	84.4	79.0	1.8	1.3
Balance	-18.6	-5.1	-4.4	.	.	.	.	.
Developed countries	198.8	54.8	46.9	.	.	.	.	.
of which EU	204.3	56.4	48.2	.	.	.	.	.
of which euro-zone	159.2	43.9	37.6	.	.	.	.	.
Developing countries	-249.8	-68.8	-58.9	.	.	.	.	.
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	32.4	8.9	7.7	.	.	.	.	.

Foreign trade turnover by major countries

In January-July 2026, in comparison with the corresponding period of 2025, only increases both in exports and imports were recorded among Poland's main ten trading partners.

² Country of origin is the country where the commodity was produced or processed and in this form entered the Polish customs zone.

The turnover with the top ten of Polish trade partners in exports accounted for 65.8% (in comparison with 66.5% in January-July 2025), while in total imports 62.0% (in comparison with 60.8 in corresponding period of the previous year).

The share of Germany in exports in comparison with January-July 2025 decreased by 0.9% and amounted to 26.3%. Imports also declined by 0.8% and amounted to 18.6%. The positive balance amounted to PLN 70.4 bn (USD 19.4 bn, EUR 16.6 bn) in comparison with PLN 67.4 bn (USD 17.4 bn, EUR 15.9 bn) in corresponding period of the previous year.

Table 2. Foreign trade turnover by major countries

SPECIFICATION	01-07 2026						2025	2026
	bn			01-07 2025 = 100			01-07	
	PLN	USD	EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	structure in %	
EXPORTS								
1. Germany	253.0	69.8	59.7	102.7	109.8	102.7	27.2	26.3
2. Czechia	60.7	16.7	14.3	107.4	114.9	107.4	6.2	6.3
3. France	59.4	16.4	14.0	105.3	112.6	105.3	6.2	6.2
4. United Kingdom	49.3	13.6	11.6	104.7	112.0	104.6	5.2	5.1
5. Netherlands	46.4	12.8	10.9	111.9	119.6	111.9	4.6	4.8
6. Italy	43.0	11.9	10.1	102.0	109.1	102.0	4.7	4.5
7. Ukraine	35.6	9.8	8.4	113.7	121.5	113.7	3.5	3.7
8. United States	30.8	8.5	7.3	104.7	112.1	104.6	3.2	3.2
9. Spain	28.0	7.7	6.6	102.4	109.5	102.4	3.0	2.9
10. Slovakia	26.5	7.3	6.3	107.3	114.7	107.2	2.7	2.8
IMPORTS (country of origin)								
1. Germany	182.6	50.4	43.1	102.0	109.0	102.0	19.4	18.6
2. China	155.6	42.9	36.7	113.2	121.0	113.2	14.9	15.9
3. United States	53.6	14.8	12.7	120.1	128.6	120.0	4.9	5.5
4. Italy	46.0	12.7	10.9	102.8	109.7	102.8	4.9	4.7
5. Netherlands	38.0	10.5	9.0	104.9	112.1	104.8	3.9	3.9
6. France	32.3	8.9	7.6	100.8	107.8	100.7	3.5	3.3
7. Czechia	31.1	8.6	7.3	103.6	110.9	103.6	3.3	3.2
8. Norway	24.0	6.6	5.7	139.4	148.3	139.4	1.9	2.5
9. Spain	22.2	6.1	5.2	107.8	115.2	107.8	2.2	2.3
10. Denmark	21.0	5.8	5.0	120.1	128.6	120.1	1.9	2.1

Imports from **China** in January-July 2026 amounted to PLN 155.6 bn, which resulted in an increase in share, compared to corresponding period of 2025 by 1.0 pp and amounted to 15.9%.

Imports by country of consignment – total and groups of counties

The highest turnover in imports by country of consignment, Poland recorded with the developed countries - PLN 755.5 bn, of which with the EU – PLN 665.4 bn, compared to January-July 2025 - PLN 710.6 bn, of which with the EU - PLN 634.7 bn.

Table 3. Imports by country of consignment – total and groups of counties

SPECIFICATION	01-07 2026						2025	2026
	bn			01-07 2025 = 100			01-07	
	PLN	USD	EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	structure in %	
Imports (country of consignment) ³	979.6	270.1	231.1	106.4	113.7	106.4	100.0	100.0
Developed countries	755.5	208.3	178.3	106.3	113.6	106.3	77.2	77.1
of which EU	665.4	183.5	157.0	104.8	112.0	104.8	68.9	67.9
of which euro-zone	548.4	151.2	129.4	104.7	111.9	104.7	56.9	56.0
Developing countries	211.9	58.4	50.0	108.9	116.5	108.9	21.1	21.7
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	12.2	3.4	2.9	78.5	83.9	78.4	1.7	1.2
Balance	-18.6	-5.1	-4.4	.	.	.	.	.
Developed countries	83.0	22.9	19.6	.	.	.	.	.
of which EU	53.3	14.7	12.6	.	.	.	.	.
of which euro-zone	21.1	5.8	5.0	.	.	.	.	.
Developing countries	-134.7	-37.1	-31.8	.	.	.	.	.
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	33.1	9.1	7.8	.	.	.	.	.

Imports by country of consignment – countries

Among the top ten main trading partners, the share of imports by country of consignment, compared to imports by the country of origin, was higher in seven countries: in Germany by 6.5 pp, Netherlands by 3.0 pp, Belgium by 2.0 pp, Czechia by 0.9 pp, France by 0.8 pp, Denmark by 0.4 pp and Spain by 0.3 pp.

A smaller share was recorded for three countries: China by 5.8 pp, the United States by 1.4 pp and Italy by 0.2 pp.

³ Country of consignment is the country from which the goods were introduced into the Polish territory irrespective of their origin.

Table 4. Imports by country of consignment – countries

SPECIFICATION	01-07 2026						2025	2026
	bn			01-07 2025 = 100			01-07	
	PLN	USD	EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	structure in %	
IMPORTS (country of consignment)								
1. Germany	246.4	67.9	58.1	104.3	111.4	104.3	25.7	25.1
2. China	98.6	27.2	23.3	115.2	123.1	115.1	9.3	10.1
3. Netherlands	68.0	18.7	16.0	107.7	115.1	107.7	6.9	6.9
4. Italy	43.7	12.1	10.3	99.1	105.7	99.1	4.8	4.5
5. United States	40.3	11.1	9.5	124.4	133.5	124.3	3.5	4.1
6. Belgium	40.2	11.1	9.5	110.0	117.6	110.0	4.0	4.1
7. Czechia	40.1	11.1	9.5	101.6	108.7	101.6	4.3	4.1
8. France	40.1	11.0	9.5	105.5	112.7	105.4	4.1	4.1
9. Spain	25.7	7.1	6.1	108.9	116.3	108.8	2.6	2.6
10. Denmark	24.5	6.8	5.8	111.2	119.0	111.2	2.4	2.5

Imports from **China** in January-July 2026 by country of consignment in comparison with imports by country of origin were lower by 5.8 pp.

Imports from **the United States** in January-July 2026 by country of consignment in comparison with imports by country of origin were lower by 1.4 pp.

In January-July 2026 trade turnover in goods according to the SITC nomenclature, compared to the corresponding period of 2025, increased in exports in nine commodity sections while imports recorded increases in seven commodity sections.

In exports increases were recorded in: commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC (by 38.0%), mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials (by 19.2%), manufactured goods classified mainly by material (by 8.7%), beverages and tobacco (by 6.8%), machinery and transport equipment (by 6.7%), chemicals and related products (by 6.6%), crude materials, inedible, except fuels (by 5.3%), miscellaneous manufactured articles (by 2.7%) and food and live animals (by 1.3%). Decline concerned only animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes (by 1.9%).

In imports increases were recorded in: mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials (by 19.1%), commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC (by 18.0%), machinery and transport equipment (by 11.2%), crude materials, inedible, except fuels (by 9.9%), chemicals and related products (by 4.7%), animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes (by 4.5%), and manufactured goods classified chiefly by material (by 2.1%). Declines concerned: beverages and tobacco (by 3.6%), miscellaneous manufactured articles (by 1.8%) and food and live animals (by 1.2%).

Chart 2. Composition of exports by sections according to SITC nomenclature in January-July 2026

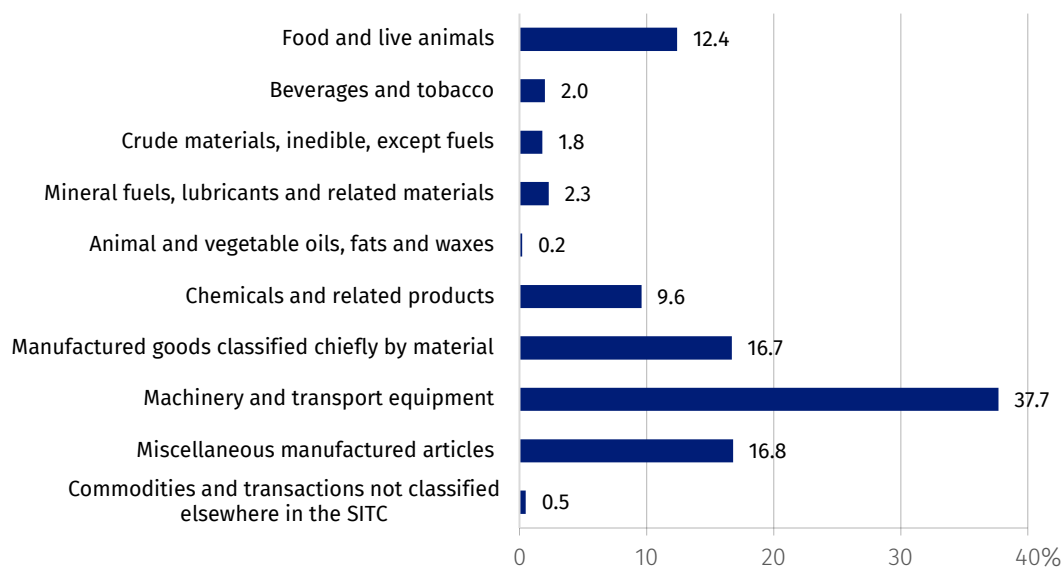
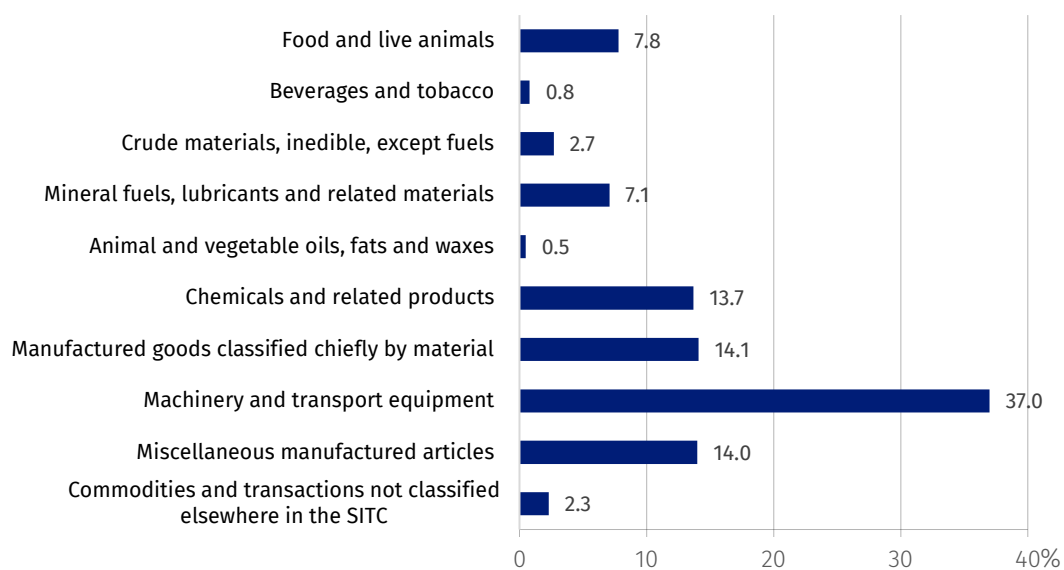


Chart 3. Composition of imports by sections according to SITC nomenclature in January-July 2026



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Terms used in official statistics

[Exports of commodities](#)
[Imports of commodities](#)
[Balance foreign trade commodity turnover](#)